



**Fundació
Catalunya
La Pedrera**

**Jornadas UICN, Siete décadas de trabajo por la Conservación
6 Octubre 2017, Castillo de Sta Cruz, Oleiros (Galizia)**

“La Custodia del Territorio”

***Miquel Rafa
Director de Territorio
y Medio Ambiente***

La conservación del patrimonio natural desde la Sociedad civil: Orígenes

(1990)



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Adirondack Daily Enterprise

Wednesday, November 14, 1990 • The Only Daily Newspaper in the Adirondack Park • Ninety Fifth Year • Volume XCVI • Number 225 • 35

Fed farm bill includes fund for easements Park land tapped as priority

By MARY THILL
Enterprise Staff Writer

WASHINGTON, D.C. — A bill on its way to President Bush for signing "would establish a new conservation easement program for the purpose of protecting environmentally sensitive forest lands, including some in the Adirondacks."

The "Forest Acquisition, Conservation and Trade Act of 1990," now in committee, would authorize up to \$100 million over a three-year period to create a national "Forest Legacy Program" in cooperation with state and local governments across the country.

Now, the Department of Agriculture, which houses the U.S. Forest Service, would be directed to implement the program immediately in the states studied in the Northern Forest Land Study, authorized by the federal government in 1980. New York, New Hampshire, Vermont, and Maine.

In cooperation with regional organizations throughout the country, the USDA would identify forest lands that are in danger of being converted to non-forest use, or have a recreational value or are home to threatened or endangered species.

The bill states the government will buy property land from willing owners using either cash or a combination of cash and other benefits or easement rights may be purchased, while the title and logging rights would remain in the hands of private owners.

In addition, states must first approve the federal purchase, according to the language that has been approved by the U.S. House and Senate.

House and Senate conferees noted that "The Forest Legacy Program will be another tool for federal resource management agencies to use for land protection," and they encourage the USDA to expedite the establishment of the program.

Language accompanying the bill states that the conference committee "has no intention of using the Adirondack Park as a test case for the program."

The Northern Forest Land Study from the Adirondack Park in Maine was signed into the immediate implementation because the federal Northern Forest Land Study, directed by Congress to study forested resources in the Northeast, has recommended the government protect some of the most important forest conservation areas.

Similar studies could be authorized for other regions of the U.S., under the Forest Legacy Program.

The bill will also allow the Northern Forest Land Study to be used as a model for other regions of the U.S. to study and protect their forest resources.

The Adirondack Park is a national natural area and a UNESCO World Heritage Site.



ENVIRONMENTAL EXCHANGE — Miguel Bada i Fortuells, at left, an environmentalist from Spain, shares some information with Mary Thill, director of the Adirondack Land Trust and Nature Conservancy, at the Paul Smiths VHC Tuesday. Bada is one of two Europeans visiting the Adirondacks as part of an environmental-educational exchange.

Park serves as teaching ground for European environmentalists

By MARY THILL
Enterprise Staff Writer

PAUL SMITHS — European environmentalists from the same problem as American government leaders, before they can defend their agricultural interests, they must first get public and political support.

This history of young European environmental groups now visiting the Adirondacks this week to learn something about the Park and environmental education.

But actually important, they are also studying the role of the U.S. Forest Service in the management of the Adirondack Park, which is a general overview of the Northern Forest Land Study.

In Spain, the environmental movement is very young, and Bada, who is general secretary of the Spanish League for the Defense of Natural

Another snafu for E. County landfill

By ALAN STEWELL
Enterprise Staff Writer

ELIZABETHTOWN — One of the most recent snafus in the long line of landfill mismanagement in the Adirondack Park is the recent snafu at the building permit for the new landfill in the Lewis and Clark area.

Elizabethtown, N.Y., is a small town in the Lewis and Clark area. It is a small town in the Lewis and Clark area. It is a small town in the Lewis and Clark area.



The Second QLF Alumni Congress

Meeting of QLF Alumni and friends in Barcelona



Brent Mitchell

La conservación del patrimonio natural: referentes internacionales



- England and Wales
- Fundada el 1895 (122 anys)
- Més de 2 milions de membres
- +2.000 treballadors
- Principal propietari després Corona
- Llocs de patrimoni cultural i natural
- Creada per a oferir espais d'accés públic als ciutadans de les àrees industrials amb poc accés a la natura
- Importància de les donacions i llegats



La conservación del patrimonio natural: referentes internacionales

EUROPEOS:

- **Natuurmonumenten**
- **Conservatoire du Littoral**



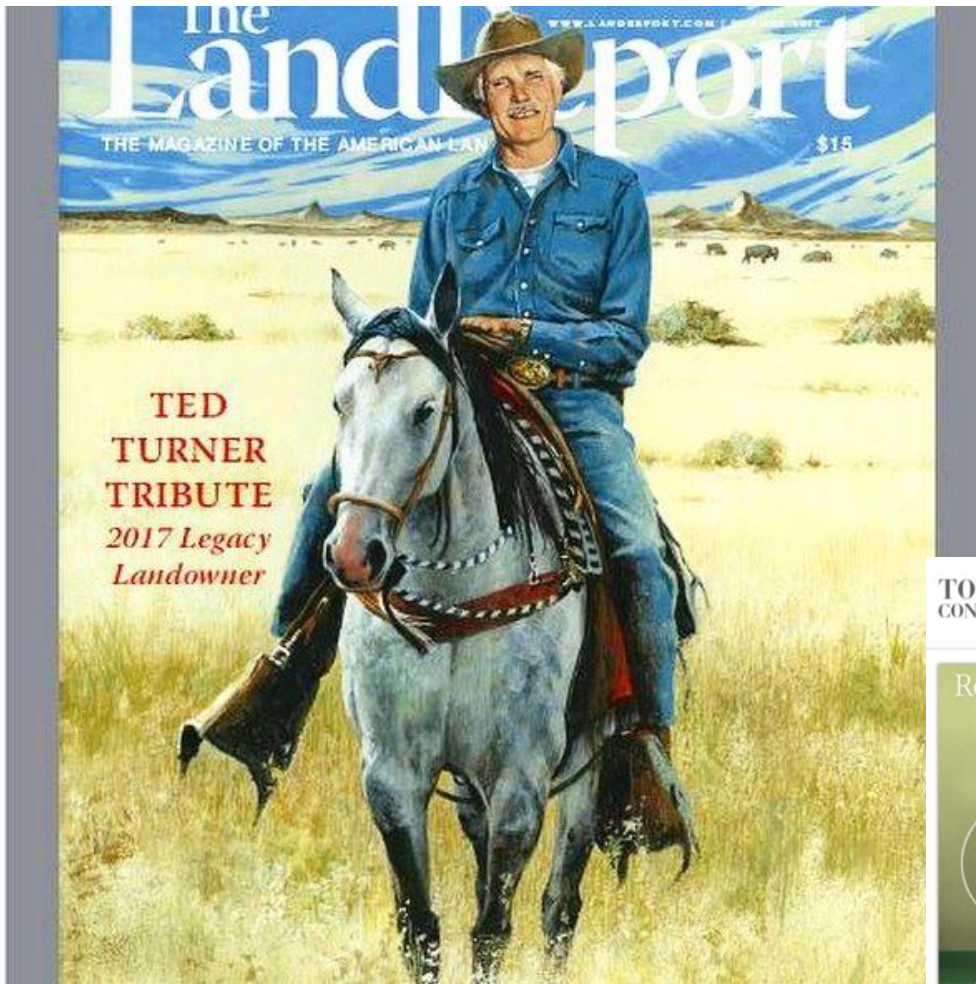
Conservatoire du littoral

EUA:

- **The Nature Conservancy**



La conservación del patrimonio natural: referentes desde el sector privado



TOMPKINS
CONSERVATION

Language: English

Nosotros Creando Parques Activismo Agricultura Ecológica Restauración Participa Novedades

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Recuperación
de Vida Silvestre

Construyendo
Orgullo Local

Restauración
de Paisajes

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[Cultural and Spiritual Values of Protected Areas](#)

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Privately Protected Areas and Nature Stewardship



Links

[WCPA Privately Protected Areas and Nature Stewardship website](#)



Áreas Bajo Protección Privada: Mirando al Futuro

Sue Stolton, Kent H. Redford y Nigel Dudley,
Con la colaboración de: William (Bill) M. Adams, Elisa Corcuera y Brent A. Mitchell



Desarrollando capacidades para proteger el planeta

Serie técnica de áreas protegidas No. 1



Tabla 1: La matriz de áreas protegidas de la UICN: Un sistema de clasificación de áreas protegidas que comprende tanto categoría de gestión como tipo de gobernanza

[illegible]

Part 2 ¿Qué es una APP?

Tabla 3: Resumen de criterios que distinguen a las APPs de otros tipos de gobernanza

Criterio de APP	Subcriterios
Área protegida	• El área está designada legalmente y gestionada según la definición y los principios asociados de la UICN • El área está gestionada según la definición y los principios asociados de la UICN, y, aunque no sea legalmente obligatorio, está reconocida como una APP
Entidades involucradas	• Persona o grupos de personas, ONGs, corporaciones, propietarios con fines de lucro, entidades de investigación o religiosas
Gobernanza	• Los gestores de APPs deben estar al tanto de cualquier derecho de uso que no esté bajo su control y deben realizar esfuerzos por garantizar que dichos usos no afecten los objetivos generales de conservación • La gestión está dedicada principalmente al propósito de la conservación de la naturaleza por parte del (los) propietario(s) o gestor(es)
Permanencia	• El área está destinada legalmente a la protección permanente de la conservación de la naturaleza (por ej., Ley) • La designación para la conservación de la naturaleza se realiza mediante un acuerdo permanente (por ej., pacto de conservación o servidumbre) • La destinación a la conservación de la naturaleza se realiza mediante un acuerdo renovable con el propósito de permanencia (por ej., pacto de conservación o servidumbre de duración definida)

LAND TRUST

Standards and Practices

Ethical and Technical Guidelines for the
Responsible Operation of a Land Trust

Canadian Land Trust Standards and Practices



2005



Canadian Land Trust Alliance (CLTA)
Alliance des organismes de conservation du Canada (ADOCC)

December 1, 2005
Technical Update – June 2007



PRIVATELY PROTECTED AREAS: ADVANCES AND CHALLENGES IN GUIDANCE, POLICY AND DOCUMENTATION

Heather Bingham^{1*}, James A. Fitzsimons^{2,3}, Kent H. Redford^{4,5}, Brent A. Mitchell⁶, Juan Bezaury-Creel⁷ and Tracey L. Cumming⁸

*Corresponding author: heather.bingham@unep-wcmc.org

¹ UN Environment World Conservation Monitoring Centre, Cambridge, UK.

² The Nature Conservancy, Carlton, VIC, Australia.

³ School of Life and Environmental Sciences, Deakin University, Burwood, Australia.

⁴ Archipelago Consulting, Portland, ME, USA.

⁵ Department of Environmental Studies, University of New England, Biddeford, ME, USA.

⁶ Quebec Labrador Foundation / Atlantic Center for the Environment, Ipswich, MA, USA.

⁷ The Nature Conservancy, Mexico and Northern Central America, Ciudad de México, Mexico.

⁸ Department of Environmental Affairs, Pretoria, South Africa.

ABSTRACT

Privately protected areas (PPAs) are increasingly recognized as important conservation initiatives, as evidenced by recent developments that support recognizing and documenting them alongside protected areas under other governance types. Advances in guidance on PPAs have been accompanied by increasing support within international policy arenas, and more PPAs are being reported to the World Database on Protected Areas (WDPA). Despite this, national approaches to recognizing and supporting PPAs vary, as does the extent to which countries report on PPAs to the WDPA. We present recent advances that support PPAs at the international level, summarize the present state of PPA reporting to the WDPA, and discuss the challenges and opportunities that currently characterize the future of PPAs.

Key words: Privately protected areas; World Database on Protected Areas; WDPA; governance

INTRODUCTION

Protected areas under the governance of private entities, known as privately protected areas (PPAs), have gained attention in recent years (e.g. UNEP/CBD/COP/DEC/XII/19; Borriini-Feyerabend et al., 2013). Their increasing profile in national and global policies reflects a growing understanding of their importance in acting as havens for biodiversity in their own right; as components of coherent landscapes and connectivity; and in complementing protected area networks under other governance types. It further reflects a rising awareness among governments that encouraging, recognizing and reporting on PPAs can facilitate progress towards their international conservation commitments, such as the Convention on Biological Diversity (CBD) Aichi Biodiversity Target 11. Under this Target, governments have agreed on the following global goal: “by 2020, at

least 17 per cent of terrestrial and inland water areas and 10 per cent of coastal and marine areas, especially areas of particular importance for biodiversity and ecosystem services, are conserved through effectively and equitably managed, ecologically representative and well-connected systems of protected areas and other effective area-based conservation measures, and integrated into the wider landscape and seascape” (UNEP/CBD/COP/DEC/X/2).

Despite the positive developments described above, PPAs remain under-reported to global data managers including the World Database on Protected Areas (WDPA) and CBD Secretariat. This paper provides a background on recent developments to strengthen PPA policy, documentation and international guidance. It describes the current state of PPAs as reported in the WDPA, and efforts aimed to encourage comprehensive reporting by governments and other actors.

Seminar “BEST PRACTICES IN PRIVATELY PROTECTED AREAS” “Private means, Public benefit”

Vilm (Germany), 23-27 June 2017



- Emerging issue worldwide (CBD, etc)
- Need to clarify: Guidance (new IUCN Report)
- Critical points:
 - Legally recognized areas
 - Long-term intent: 25 years at least, but intent to be “in perpetuity”



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Privately Protected Areas and Nature Stewardship

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Karukinka, a PPA in Chile

Privately Protected Areas (PPAs) are under-represented in national protected area systems and under-reported internationally despite the fact that they are a rapidly growing element of the conservation estate. The [Specialist Group on Privately Protected Areas and Nature Stewardship](#) of IUCN's [World Commission on Protected Areas](#) is working to elevate the recognition, understanding and integrity of private conservation world-wide.

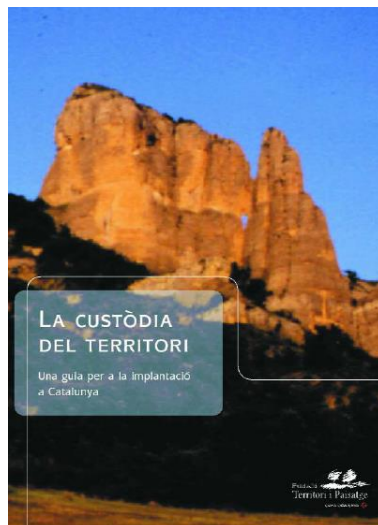
**PRIVATELY
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A **privately protected area** is a protected area, as defined by IUCN, under private governance (i.e. individuals and groups of individuals); non-governmental organizations (NGOs); corporations (both existing commercial companies and sometimes corporations set up by groups of private owners to manage groups of PPAs); for-profit owners; research entities (e.g. universities, field stations) or religious entities.

Inicios de la Custodia del Territorio (2000- 2010)



10 Nov 2000, Castell de Montesquiu, Catalunya: International Seminar on Land Stewardship



2001: Primer manual para implementar CT

Las dos Fundaciones más importantes para financiar y apoyar la Custodia:



Redes de Custodia del Territorio en España (2017)



(2007)



Plataforma Custodia del Territorio



[Inicio](#)

[La custodia](#)

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[Súmate al Inventario](#)

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[Custodia Internacional](#)



La Plataforma

Qué es la plataforma de custodia del territorio



Montes de Socios y custodia del territorio

Entrevista a Pedro A. Medrano, gerente de la Asociación Forestal de Soria y



Iniciativa Española Empresa y Biodiversidad (IEEB). Informe de resultados 2013-2015

Alianzas público-privadas para una

Últimas noticias

Montes de Socios y custodia del territorio

Vie, 29/09/2017

[ver más >](#)

Iniciativa Española Empresa y Biodiversidad (IEEB). Informe de resultados 2013-2015

Vie, 22/09/2017

[ver más >](#)

La custodia del territorio germina en la comarca cordobesa de Los Pedroches

Vie, 15/09/2017

[ver más >](#)

Mapa de custodia

(2011)



FORO ESTATAL DE REDES Y ENTIDADES DE CUSTODIA DEL TERRITORIO

[Inicio](#)[La custodia del territorio](#)[El FRECT](#)[Las redes](#)[Proyectos e iniciativas](#)[Las Jornadas estatales](#)[Contacto](#)

"El FRECT trabaja de manera estratégica y conjunta para la promoción institucional, social, legal y técnica del concepto de Custodia del Territorio y su aplicación."

[Leer más](#)

(2011-2014)



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News

03 APRILE 2017 The Catalan Civil Code regulates Land Stewardship Contracts for the first time in Europe

Last month, The Plenary Assembly of the Parliament of Catalonia approved the sixth book of the Civil Code of Catalonia. This book covers obligations and contracts, which regulate Land Stewardship Contracts in Article 623 - 34.

[Leggi Tutto »](#)

13 FEBBRAIO 2017 LANDLIFE and LIFE+ Programme have

BEST LIFE INFORMATION PROJECT



The LANDLIFE project (LIFE10 INF/ES/540) will be awarded one of the 5 best LIFE Information projects 2015.

[Congress](#)

[Agenda](#)

[Helpdesk](#)

(2015)



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Empowering a Global Community for Land Conservation

The International Land Conservation Network connects civic and private organizations and people across boundaries and around the world, to accelerate the protection and strengthen the management of land and natural resources

(2017)



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JUN
29

EUROSITE NEWS

Development of a European Private Land Conservation Network (ELCN)



In Berlin, on 19 and 20 June 2017, Eurosité and partners kicked-off a new LIFE Preparatory project: Development of a European Private Land Conservation Network – LIFE ELCN.

The project is being coordinated by [NABU](#) (Germany), and besides Eurosité, other project partners are: [Natuurpunt](#) (Belgium), [Montis](#) (Portugal), [Fundacion Biodiversidad](#) (Spain), [Fundatia ADEPT](#) (Romania), [ELY Centre Lapland](#) (Finland), [IMA Europe](#) (EU) and [WWF Oasi](#) (Italy).

The final goal of the project is quite ambitious: the establishment of a European Land Conservation Network (ELCN), with Eurosité acting as the secretariat that will be charged with the long-term management of the network after the project has ended.

The objective of the project is twofold. It aims at testing several private land conservation tools with an eye to promoting their replication at a wider level wherever feasible and proposing policy actions to support them, as



Fundació Catalunya La Pedrera

Àmbitos de actuació:

- Cultura
- Impulso social
- Conocimiento y educación
- Alimentación y ciencia
- Territorio y Medio Ambiente



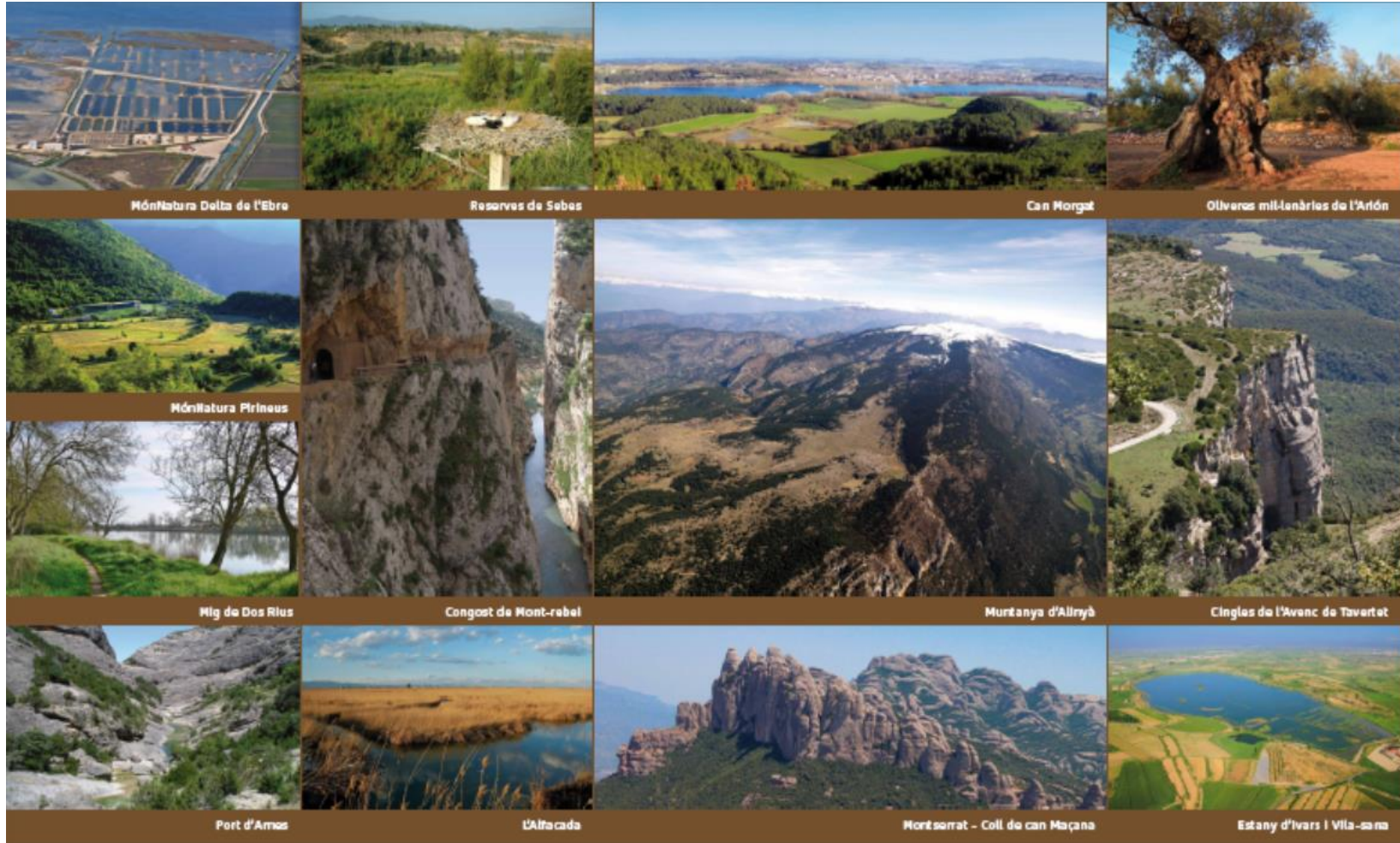
La Pedrera, faro de las iniciativas de la Fundación

El centre cultural de La Pedrera en Barcelona:

- Sitio del Patrimonio Mundial
- 1 Millón de visitantes/año
- Sede Fundació
- Centro cultural
- Auditorio



Red Espacios Natura

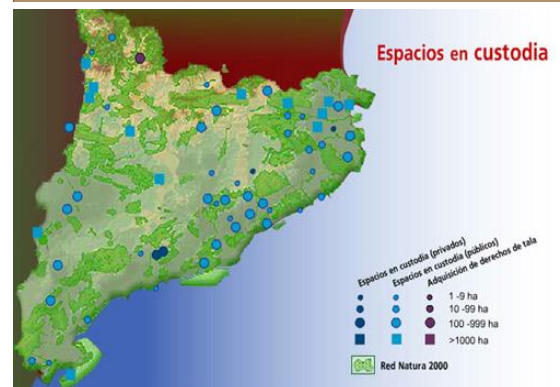


Red Espais Natura

Datos y cifras:

	Nº Espacios	Superficie (ha)	% del Total de Catalunya
Espais Natura - Propiedades	25	7.852	0,24%
Custodia del territorio y pagos por servicios ambientales	48	288	
Otros acuerdos de conservación	90	157.741	
totales	162	165.881	5,17 %

- **Visitantes (EN):** 428.559 (2016)
- **Lugares de trabajo directos:** 26
- **Status de protección:** 79% en APs, 99,7% en Natura2000, 9 Refugios de Fauna Salvaje



Equipamientos



- Edificio Bioclimàtico
- Alojamiento para 94 personas.
- Centro de Fauna de los Pirineos
- Observatorio astronòmic
- Planetario
- Restaurante

Fundació
Catalunya
La Pedrera

món natura **PIRINEUS**



Centro de fauna pirenaica



Equipamientos



 **MónNatura**
DELTA DE L'EBRE
Xarxa Espais Natura

- Mirador 360°
- Salinas
- Espacio Museogràfico
- Barcas de percha
- Agro-tienda
- Aulas de naturalesa



Delta Birding Festival





Espai Natura
“Llacuna de l'Alfacada”

Equipamientos




**Muntanya d'
ALINYÀ**
Xarxa Espais Natura

- Centro de interpretación
- Agro-tienda
- Observación de buitres (mirador y hide)
- Campus de Ciències Ambientals y de la Terra (UAB)





La Rectoria d'Alinyà

Centro de interpretación y agrotienda
(productos de calidad, locales de proximidad)



Ecoturismo- Hides de fotografia



Equipamientos



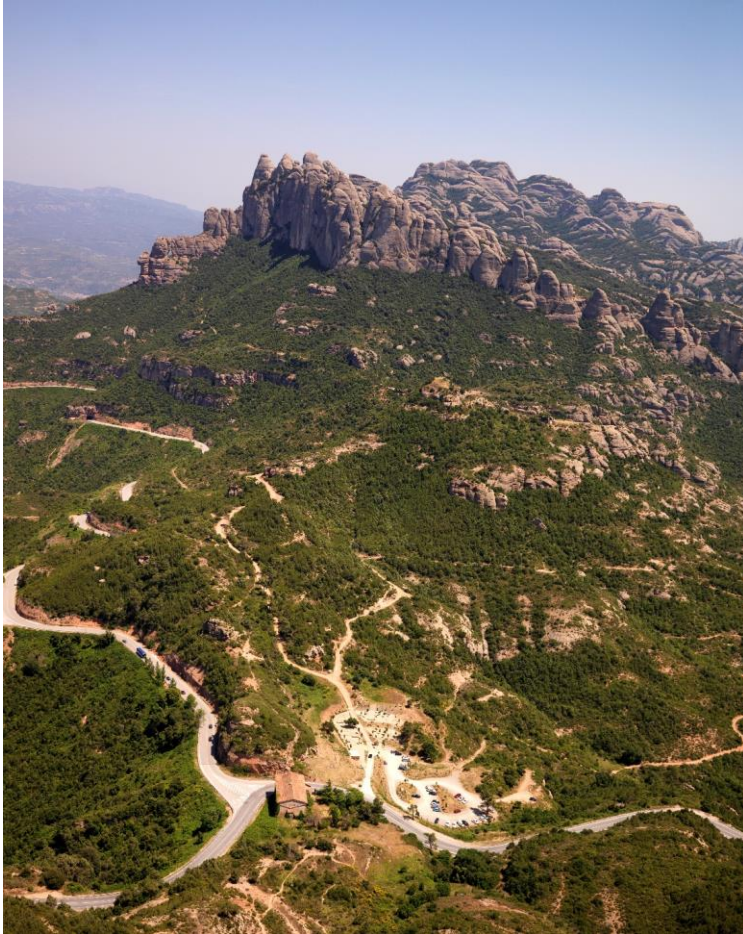

**Congost de
MONT-REBEI**
Xarxa Espais Natura

- Punto de información y aparcamiento
- Ultimo congosto “virgen”
- Poblado medieval “Els Altimiris”
- Más de 50.000 visitantes año

La importància de los centres de visitantes



Equipamientos



MONTSERRAT

Coll de can Maçana

Xarxa Espais Natura

- Àrea de aparcament y picnic (+50.000 visitantes/año)
- En convenio con el Patronato y Parque Natural de Montserrat